
Notes for columns:

- A: Professional and Financial Services: Lawyers, Doctors, Dentists, Banks, Insurance and Real Estate, etc.
 - B: Accommodation and Food Services: Hotels, Rooming Houses, Restaurants and Cafes
 - C: Retail Trade: General Stores, Grocers, Fruit and Produce, Confectionery, Meat Markets, Bakeries
 - D: Retail Trade: Drug Stores, Dry Goods / Clothing, Tailors / Dyers / Dry Cleaning, Hardware / Furniture, Lumber and Building Supplies, Garages / Auto Dealers, Specialised Retail
 - E: General Services: Transfer / Cartage, Taxis, Barbers Shops / Beauty Parlors, Funeral Homes, Plumbing / Heating / Electrical Services
 - F: Recreational Services: Billiard Halls / Pool Rooms, Bowling Alleys, Dance Halls, Movie Theatres
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Professional and Financial Services (A):

Most of the decline in this category was accounted for by lawyers, banks, insurance and real estate. In 1929 nine lawyers were listed. By 1935 the number was reduced to 3, where it remained through to 1941. Of the 5 banks listed in 1929, the Bank of Toronto was gone by 1932, the Bank of Montreal by 1936, and the Bank of Commerce by 1938. Only the Royal Bank and the Dominion Bank were still listed in 1941. In 1929 listings for insurance, real estate, etc., stood at 5 and was reduced to 2 by 1933 where it remained through to 1941. One of the firms listed in 1929-1930 was the Flin Flon Realty Co. Doctors and dentists, numbering 6 and 3 in 1929 were 4 and 2 respectively by 1941, more in keeping with the population decline.

Accommodation and Food Services (B):

Not surprisingly, given the fall-off in activities to the north with all the coming and going this entailed, accommodation and food services declined rapidly from 25 listings in 1929 to only 9 by 1933. Ten restaurants / cafes were listed in 1929, but only 4 in 1931, the same number as in 1941. In 1929 the directory listed 9 hotels and 5 rooming houses. Most of the decline had occurred by 1933, and by 1941 the listing was reduced to 5 hotels and 1 rooming house. Of the 5 hotels present in both 1929 and 1941 four, the Cambrian, Opasqua, Avenue and Alouette, had beer parlors, which probably played a key role in their survival. The 5th, The Rupert House, in part functioned like an apartment building, with residents occupying small suites.

Retail Trade (C and D):

The decline in listings of retail trade establishments was quite modest, and the decline in both types was similar. Both listings increased slightly in the early 1930's, before a decline set in. In Category C most of the decline was in businesses listed as general stores, from 13 in 1929 and 1930 to only 7 by 1935 and on through to 1941. Other business types listed under Category C remained relatively constant. The greatest attrition in Category D was in specialized retail, while the other types remained fairly constant. Garages / auto dealers actually increased, from 1 listing in 1929 to 3 by 1933 on through to 1941.